

Team-Based Virtual International Interactions in STEM Courses Interface - Better Together: Unstoppable Student Teams April 14-15, 2021

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# Classes I teach... [hard science courses]

- APK 2105c Applied Human Physiology with Laboratory (>260 students)
- APK 3200 Motor Learning (1-2 sections of up to 50 students)
- APK 4115 Neuromuscular Aspects of Exercise (1-2 sections of 50 students)
- PET 5936 Applied Data Science & Analytics in Human Performance (online, 1-2 sections of up to 25 students)
- HLP 6535 Graduate Research Methods (online, 1-2 sections of up to 25 students)

# Creating Global Communities in Undergraduate STEM

- Applied Physiology and Kinesiology Department
  - APK 4115: Neuromuscular Aspects of Exercise

#### Goals

- Create an internationalized curriculum in my classroom
  - Imperative for development of skills across different intellectual domains
    - Lacking with the trend toward STEM degrees over other subjects
- Teach the relevant physiological content
  - Pre-professional
- Develop professional skills
  - Integrate global dimensions to prepare students to perform in an international and multicultural context
  - Pre-internship





PLoS One. 2016 Aug 2;11(8):e0159593. doi: 10.1371/journal.pone.0159593. eCollection 2016.

Shared Genetic Factors Involved in Celiac Disease, Type 2 Diabetes and Anorexia Nervosa Suggest Common Molecular Pathways for Chronic Diseases.

Mathor Illioniati

Abstract

BACKGROUND AND OBJECTIVES: cenome-wide association studies (GWAS) have identified several genetic regions involved in immune-regulatory mechanisms to be associated with celiac disease. Previous GWAS also revealed an over-representation of genes involved in type 2 diabetes and anorexia nervosa associated with disease, suggesting involvement of common metabolic pathways for development of these chronic disease aim of this study was to extend these previous analyses to study the gene expression in the gut from childrescrive celiac disease.

MATERIAL AND METHODS: Thirty six target genes involved in type 2 diabetes and four genes associated with anorexia nervosa were investigated for gene expression in small intestinal biopsies from 144 children with celiac disease at median (range) age of 7.4 years (1.6-17.8) and from 154 disease controls at a median (range) age 11.4. years (1.4-18.3).

RESULTS: 1. total of eleven of genes were differently expressed in celiac patients compared with disease controls of which CD36, CD38, FOXP1, SELL, PPARA, PPARG, AGT previously associated with type 2 diabetes and AKAP6, NTNG1 with anorexia nervosa remained significant after correction for multiple testing.

CONCLUSION: hared genetic factors involved in celiac disease, type 2 diabetes and anorexia nervosa suggest common underlying molecular pathways for these diseases.

PMID: 27483138 DOI: 10.1371/journal.pone.0159593



peer-reviewed



#### **Employee Performance Review**

#### **Employee Information**

Employee Name	Employee ID
Job Title	Date
Department	Manager
Review period	

#### Ratings

	1 = Poor	2 = Fair	3 = Satisfactory	4 = Good	5 = Excellen
Job Knowledge					
Comments					
Work Quality					
Comments					
Attendance/Punctuality					
Comments					
Productivity					
Comments					
Communication/Listening Skills					
Comments					
Dependability					
Comments					
Overall Rating (average the rating numbers above)					





## The Assignment

- Presentation summarizing the paper
- Engaging interactive component
  - Demo
  - Class questions
- Develop questions for researcher
  - Paper and science
  - Cultural background; academia abroad
  - Career pathway
  - Advice to students
- Contacting and interviewing the researcher
  - Virtual with video and audio
  - Written out script Q/A
  - Demonstration of protocol and devices/instruments used





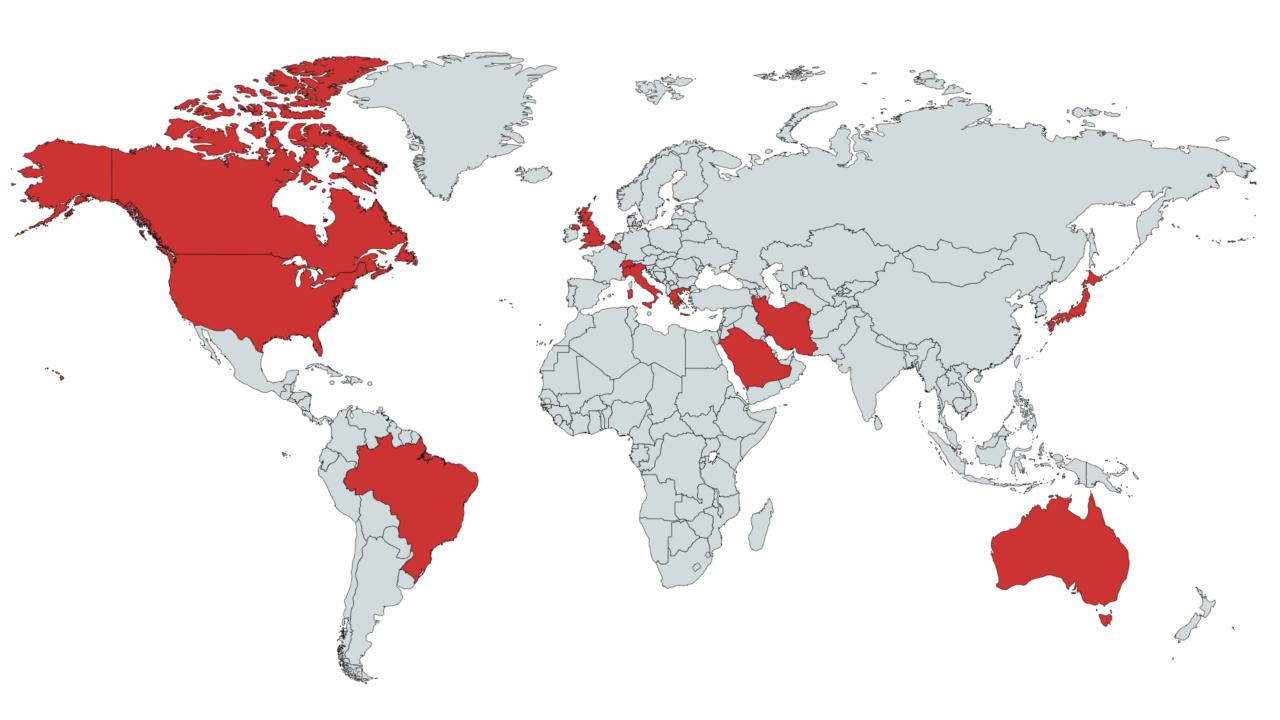


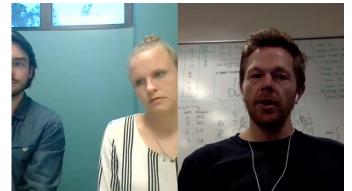


# qualtrics

- FA 2019 (MWF 3-3:50 PM)
  - 44 students
  - 11 countries
  - In-person
- SP 2020 (MWF 7:25-8:15 AM)
  - 50 students
  - 13 countries
  - Partially online (COVID-19)
- FA 2020 (MWF, AM and PM)
  - >100 students
  - 23 countries
  - Fully online

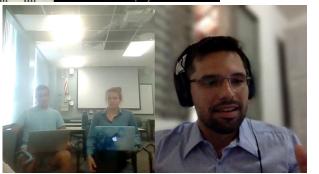






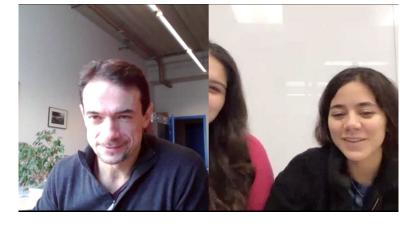




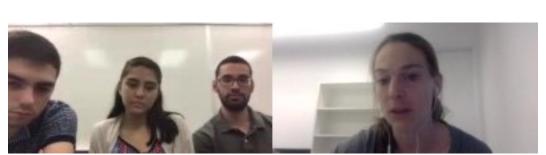






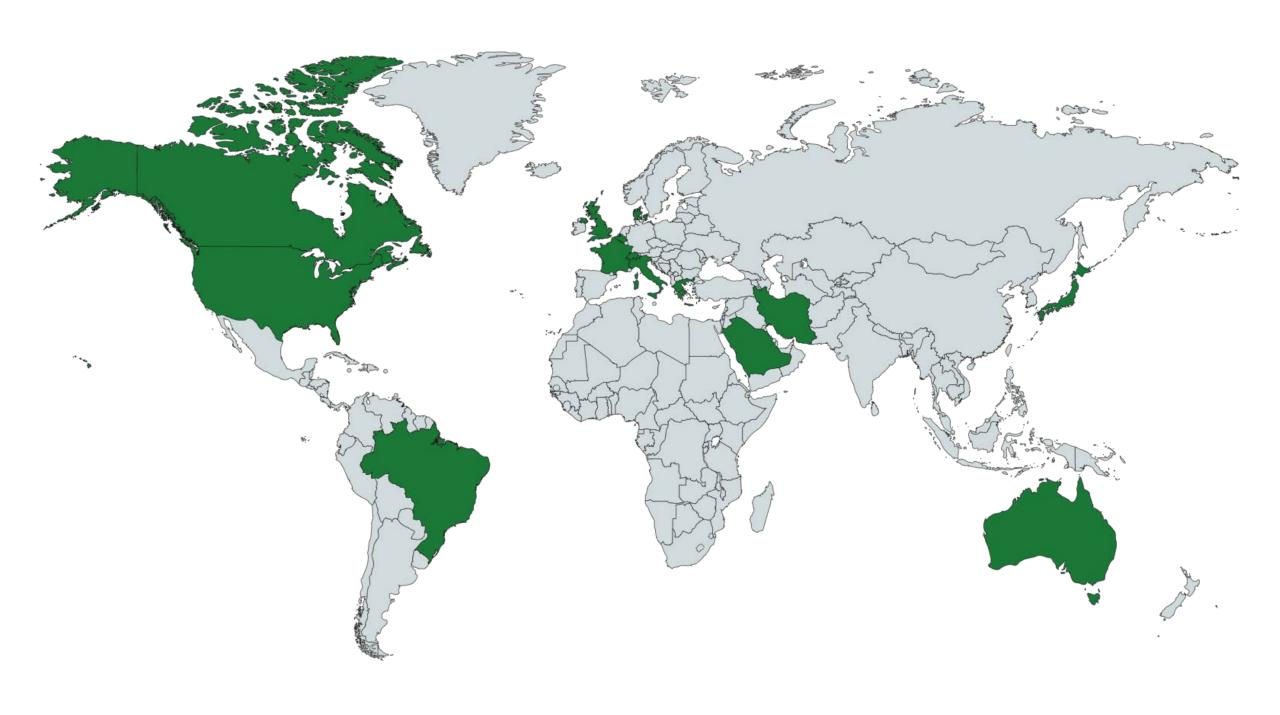








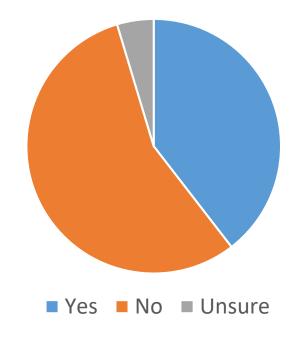






#### **Background**

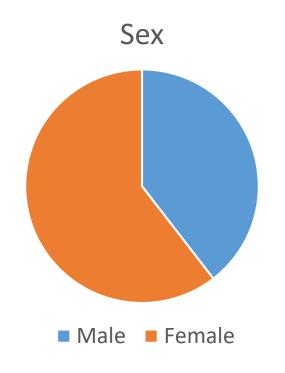
Do you speak a language other than American English?



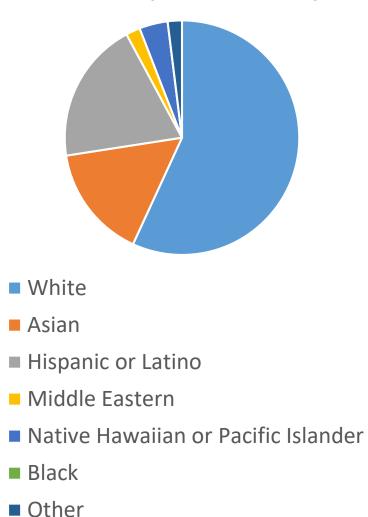
- Native-speakers: 23% (60% Spanish)
- Non-native speakers: 5% (100% Spanish)

## Identity

- Sex/gender
- Ethnic identification identified two generations back

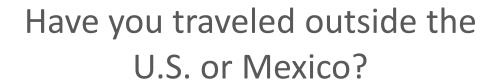


#### How do you identify?



#### **Travel Abroad**

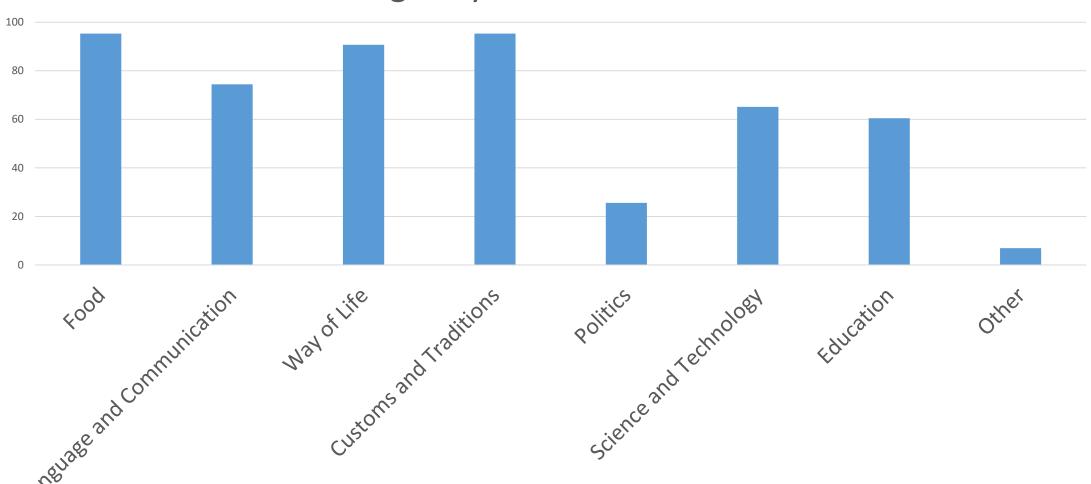
- About 14% of students had never traveled abroad
  - The most cited reason was "too expensive" and "too busy"
  - All but one student said they would "definitely" travel abroad in the present or future, if they could
- Of the 86% who had traveled abroad, most said they would "definitely" travel abroad again





#### **Cultural Interest**

What intrigues you about other cultures?



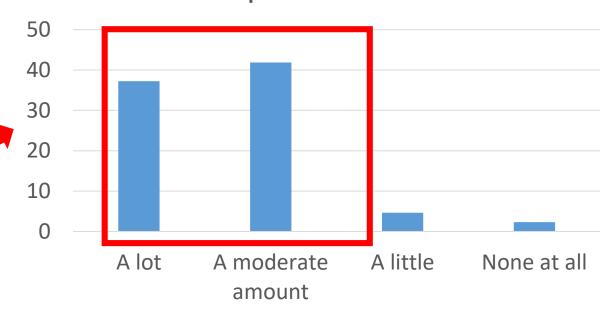
#### **Evaluating the Interviews**

 Do you think the interview successfully added an aspect on culture and internationalism to our course?

Definitely yes (79%)

Probably yes (21%)

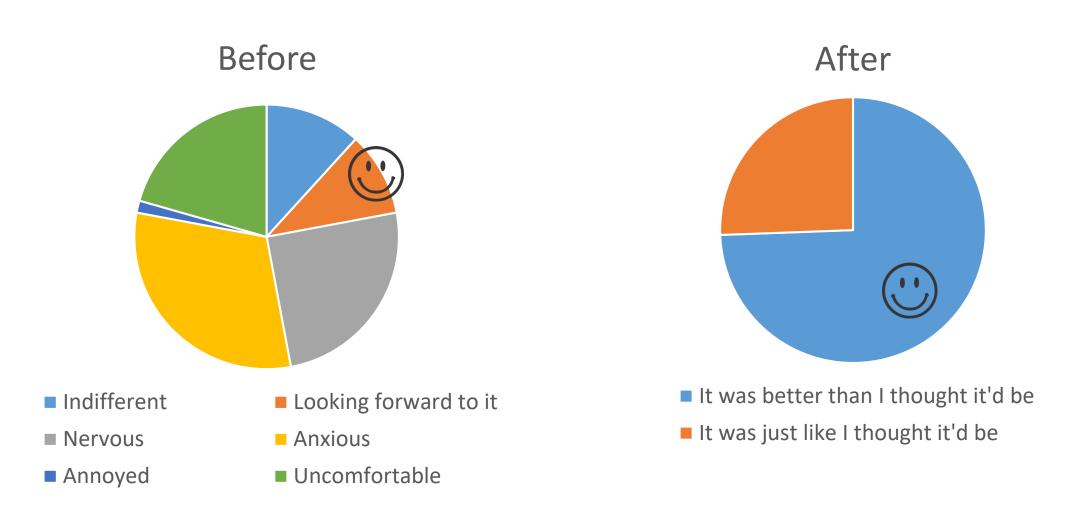
Most (79%) said a moderate amount or a lot Do you feel you know more about academia or general life in the country your researcher represented?



#### **Impact**

- How did your experience with the researcher from another country impact you?
  - A lot of positive impact, growth or "slightly positive impact, growth (~90%)
    - Self-confidence
    - Teamwork
    - Independent work
    - Worldview
    - Personal cultural values and biases
    - Interactions with people from different cultures
    - Respect for other cultural, political, and/or economic systems
    - Recognition of academia/research around the world
    - Adaptability
    - Communication with peers
    - Communication with someone from another culture

#### Feelings about group presentations...







## Rewarding but not without Challenges

- Tips for incorporating student teams in STEM at a global level:
  - Start small
    - One VE shared by an entire classes versus a separate VE for each student
  - Preparation is key
  - Put more of the workload on the students
    - Scaffolded assignments
    - Teach search engine skills
  - Select asynchronous over synchronous

## Take-Home

It is possible to enhance the student learning experience in STEM classrooms by incorporating internationalization through team-based presentations.

This was successfully demonstrated in the UF APK *Neuromuscular Aspects of Exercise* course conducted over multiple semesters in an inperson, hybrid, and fully online course setting.



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